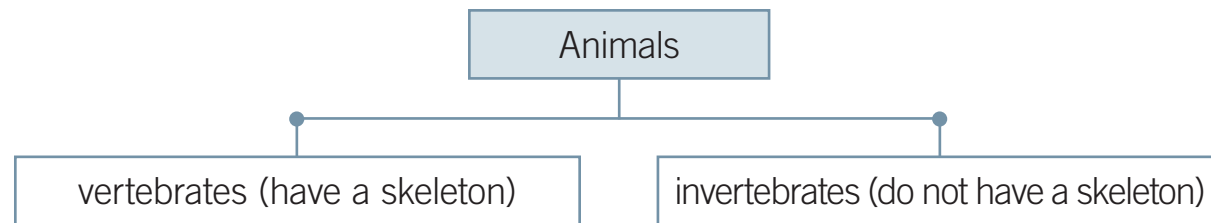


# Test 1 Study Page • Summary

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Grade: \_\_\_\_\_



- Vertebrates are classified in different groups according to these characteristics:

	Mammals	Birds	Reptiles	Fish	Amphibians
Hair	✓				
Scales			✓	✓	
Feathers		✓			
Hairless					✓
Lungs	✓	✓	✓		✓
Gills				✓	✓
Drink milk	✓				
Viviparous	✓				
Oviparous		✓	✓	✓	✓
Terrestrial	✓	✓	✓		✓
Aquatic	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Aerial	✓	✓			

- Invertebrates are classified in different groups. The biggest group is arthropods.

## Arthropods

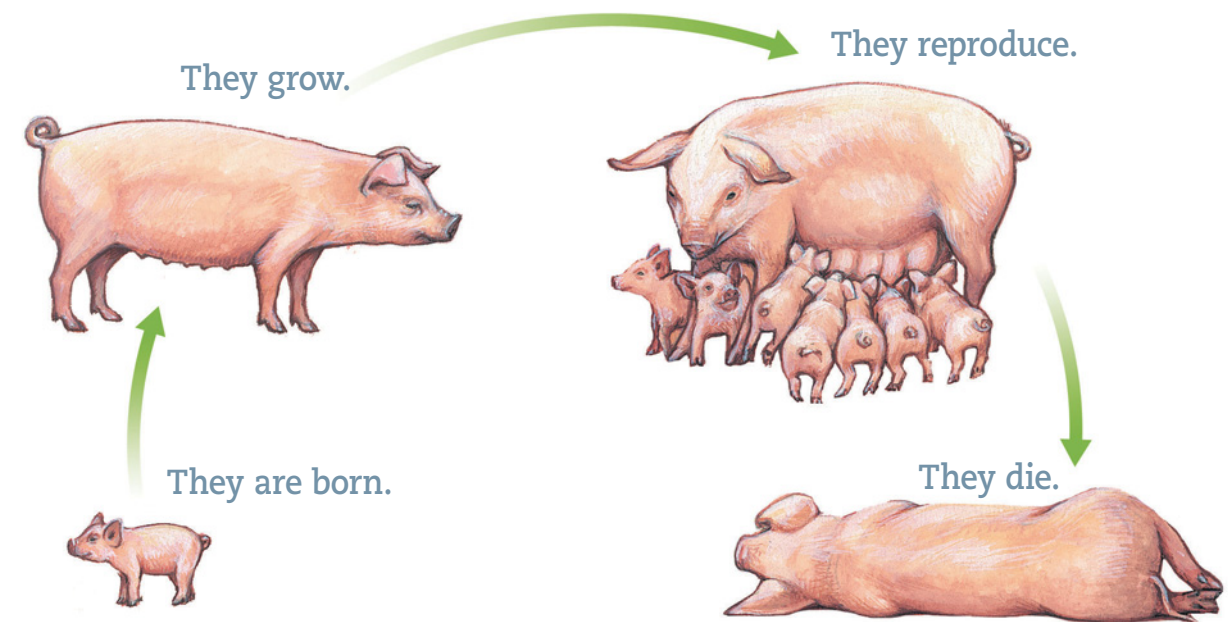
- Their body is divided into three parts: head, thorax and abdomen.

**Insects** have two antennae and six legs.

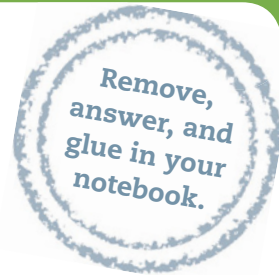
**Arachnids** have eight legs.

**Crustaceans** have four antennae and ten legs. Many crustaceans have a hard shell for protection.

- All living beings have a life cycle, and some go through a process of metamorphosis.



# Test 1 Study Page • Review



## Section 1

1. Complete the table comparing the groups of animals.

Mammals	Characteristics	Birds
	body covering	
	respiration	
	number and type of limbs	
	how they reproduce	
	habitat	

## Section 2

2. Color the circles with each animal's characteristics.



- oviparous
- viviparous
- feathers
- scales
- hairless
- lungs
- gills
- land
- water
- air

## Section 3

3. Put each arthropod in the correct group.

- spider
- butterfly
- lobster
- grasshopper
- dragonfly
- crab

Insects	Arachnids	Crustaceans

## Section 4

4. Draw the missing stages in the butterfly's life cycle.

